

SKOÐUN NÝBURA

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ÓLI HILMAR

SKOÐUN NÝBURA

- Þyngd, lengd, höfuðummaál
 - Skrá í vaxtarkúrfuna (aftan á fæðingarblaðinu)
- Allir nýburar eru skoðaðir af barnalækni fyrir heimferð
 - Einkum verið að leita að fæðingagöllum og merki um fæðingaáverka
- Fimm daga skoðun
 - Mikilvægt að hlusta eftir nýtilkomnum hjartaóhljóðum og finna femoral púlsa
- Önnur skimun:
 - POX
 - Heyrnarmæling
 - PKU

**HVAR Á ÉG AÐ
BYRJA?**

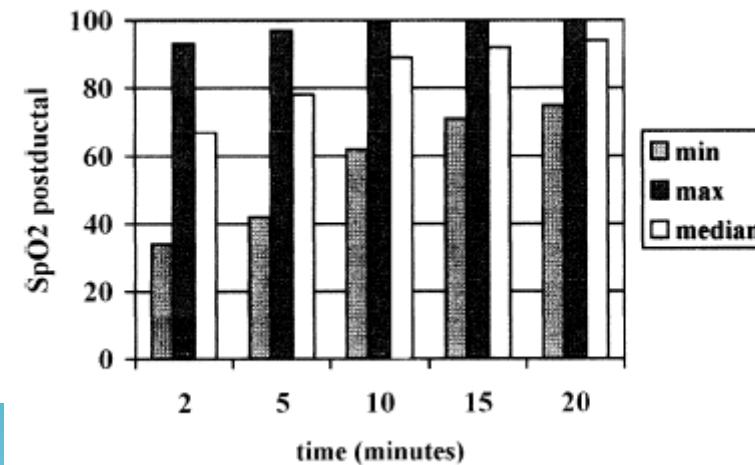
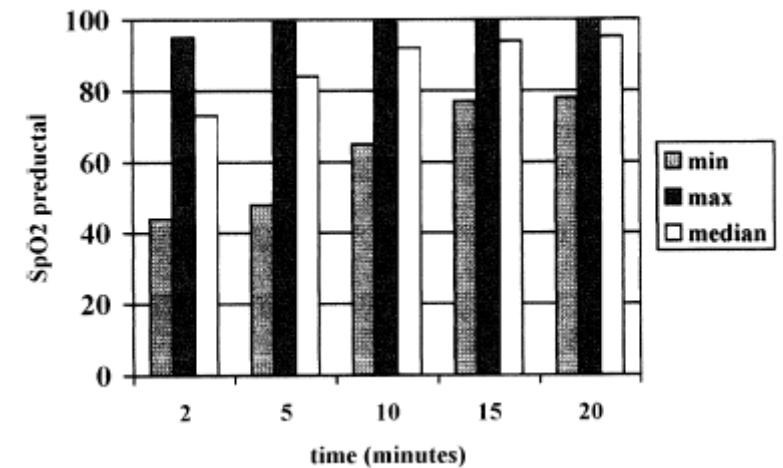
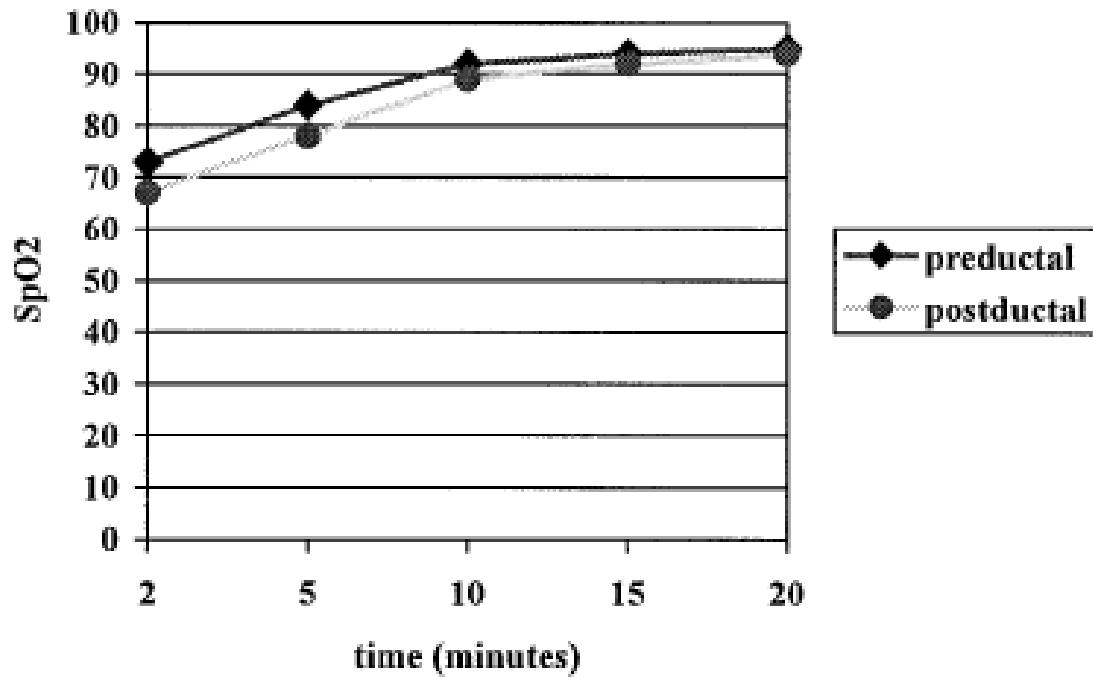
SKOÐUN NÝBURA

- Almennt
 - Litarháttur (Acrocyanosis vs Central cyanosis)
 - Blóðflæði til húðar
 - Vöðvatonus / Hreyfingar
 - Moro reflex / Grip reflex
 - Ytri fæðingagallar
 - Þroskamat





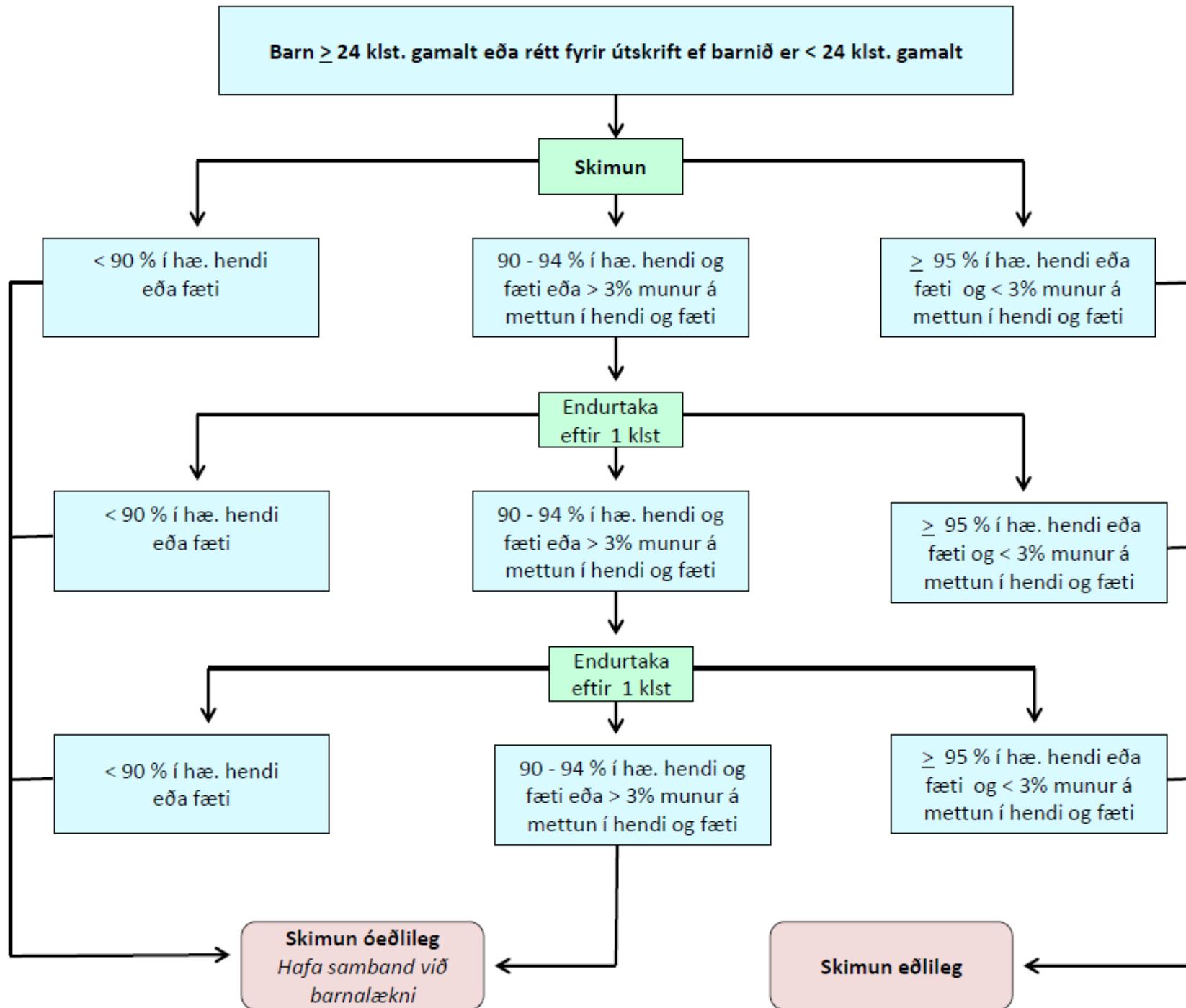
Súrefnismettun fyrst eftir fæðingu





POX SKIMUN





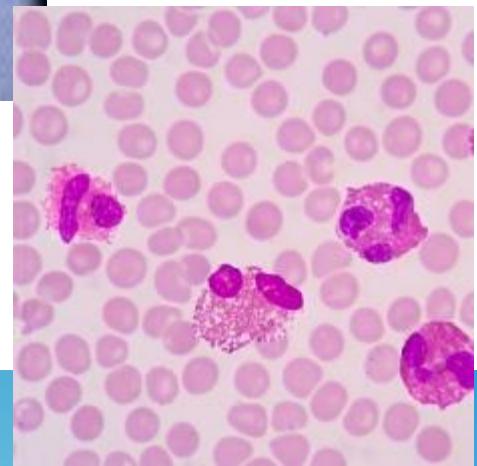
HÚĐ











HÁRÆÐAFLÆKJA (SALMON PATCH)

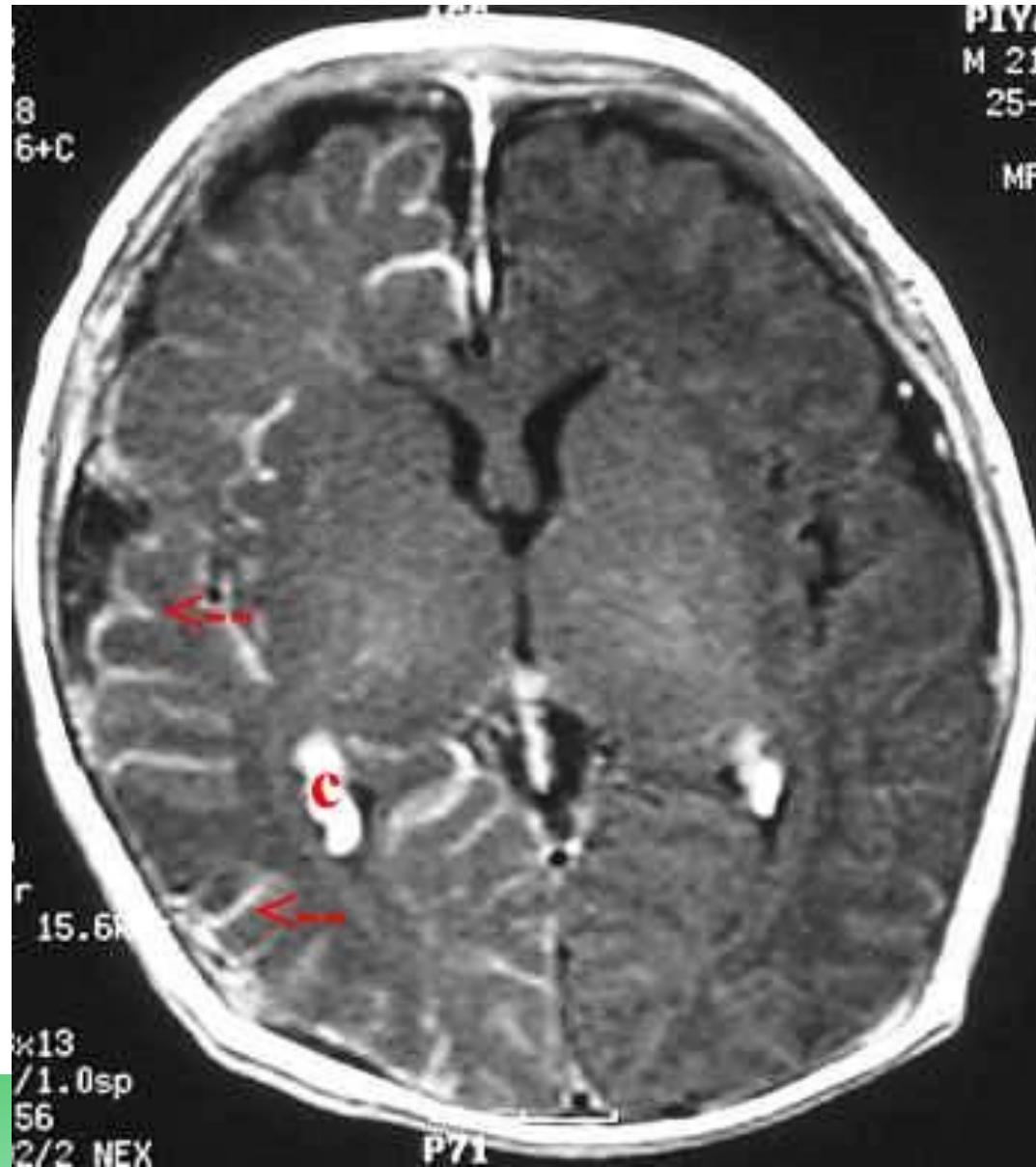


Valbrá
Sturge Weber



Sturge Weber

Kalkanir á yfirborði heila



Strawberry hemangioma



Nýburagula





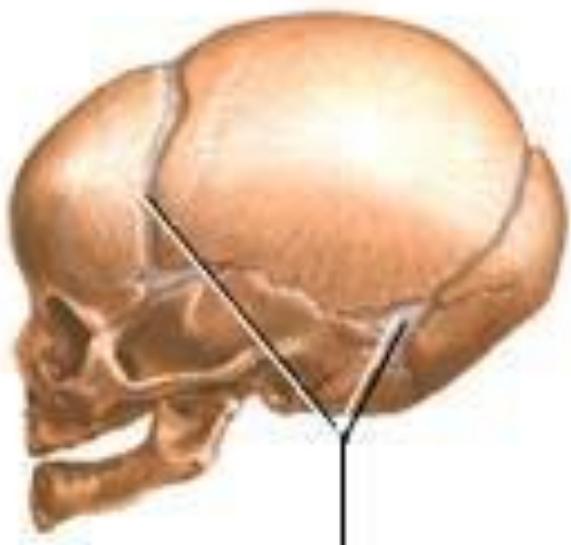


SKOÐUN NÝBURA

- Höfuð
 - Stærð, lögun
 - „Molding“
 - Merki um fæðingaáverka
- Augu
- Munnur og kok
 - Gómur
 - Epstein´s perlur

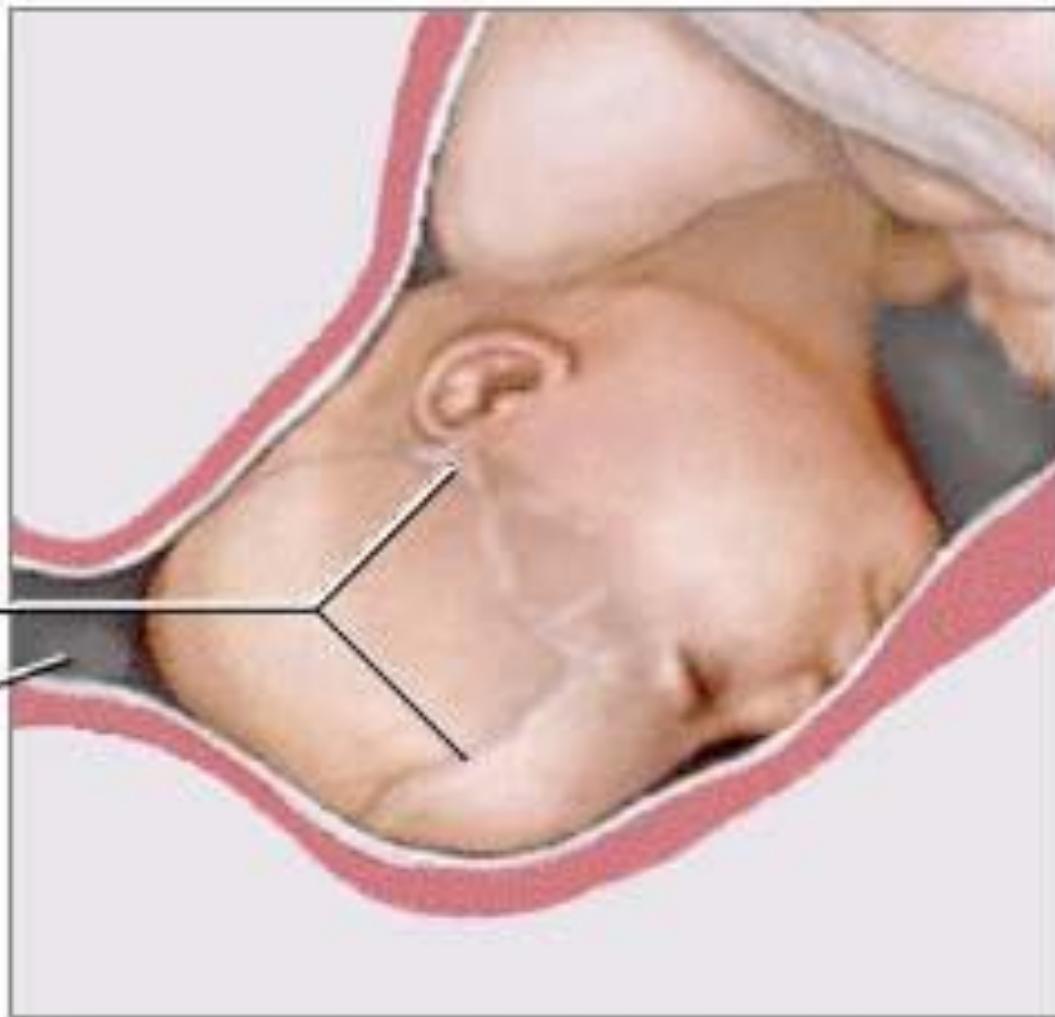
HÖFUD

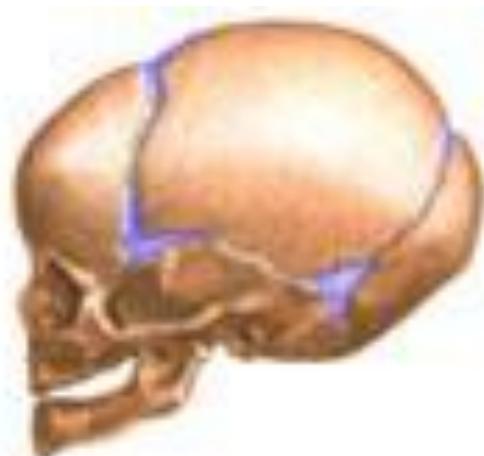
Fetal head molding



Sutures

Birth canal
(vagina)





Fontanelles
in blue



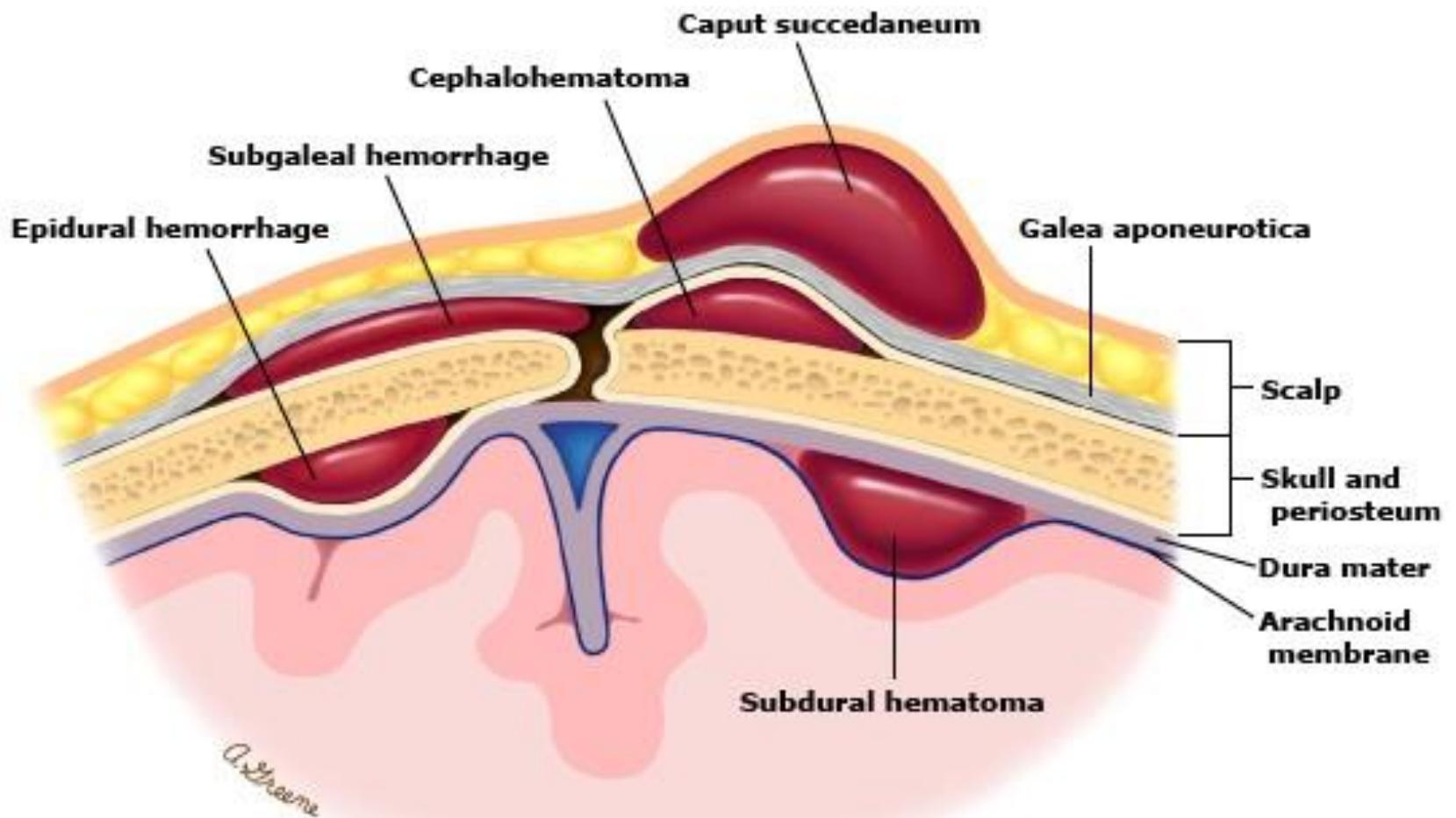
Minutes after birth



After 24 hours

Caput succedaneum





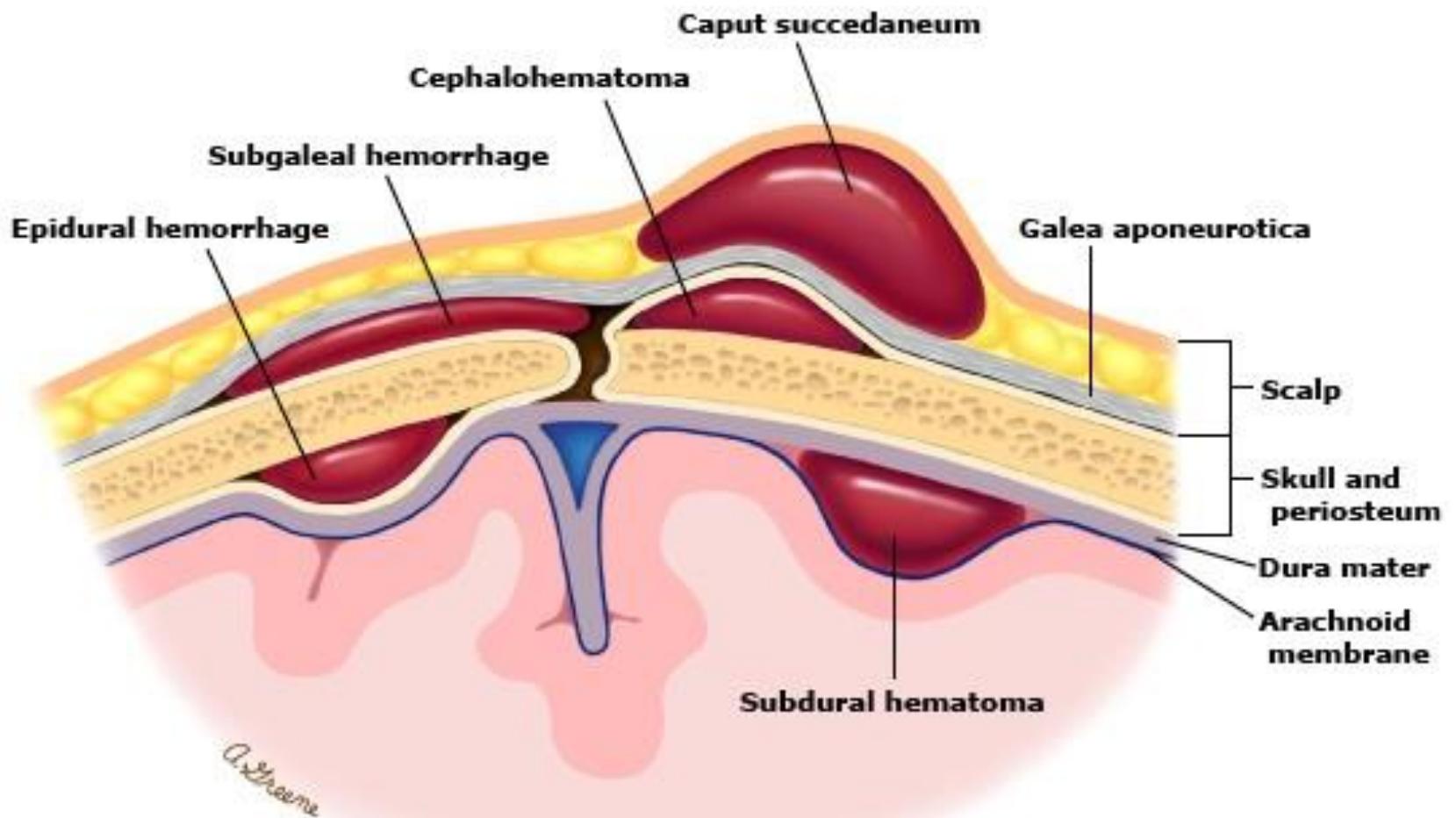
Cephalhematoma





Cephalhematoma



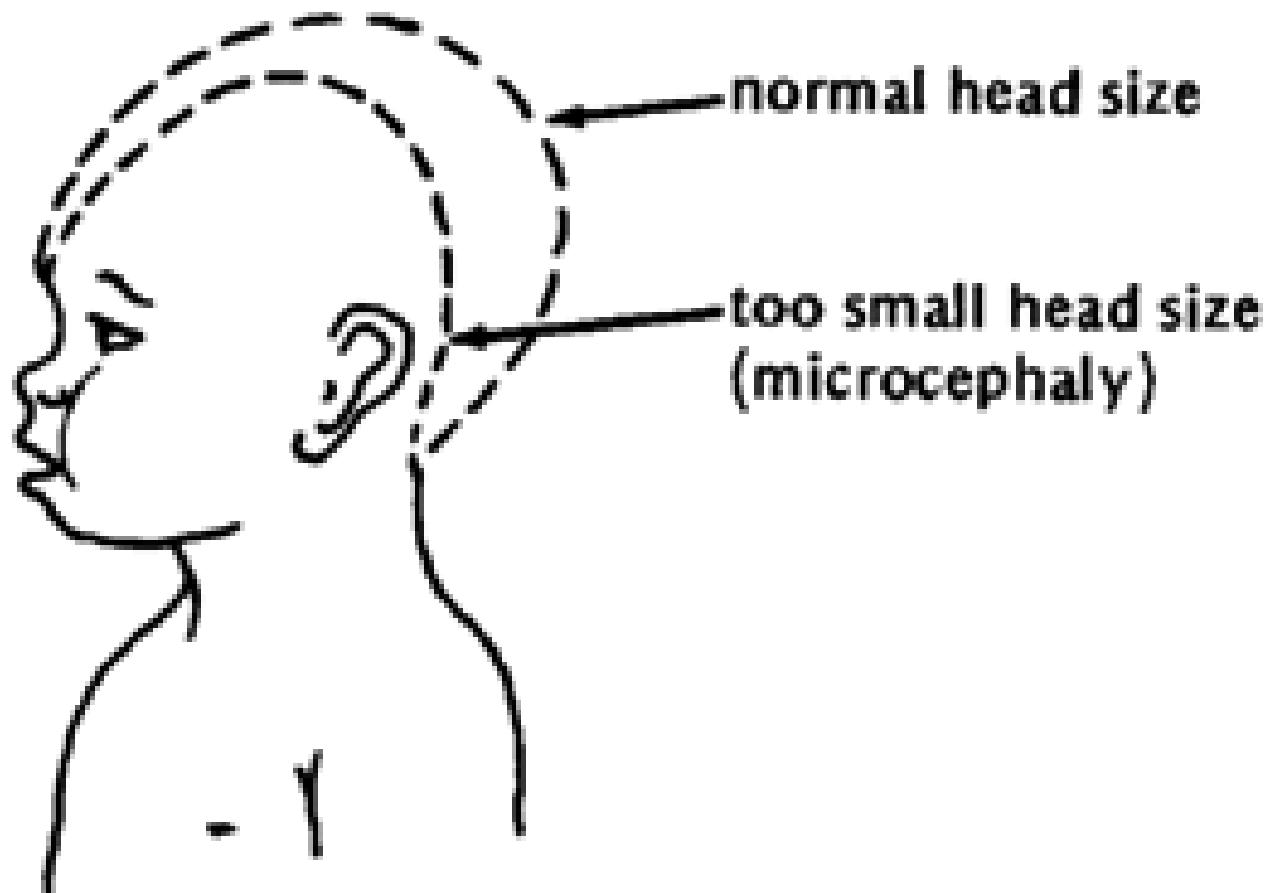


Subgaleal blæðing





Smáhöfði Microcephaly



Lömun vi. andlitstaugar



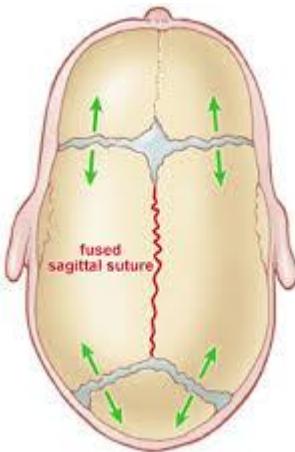
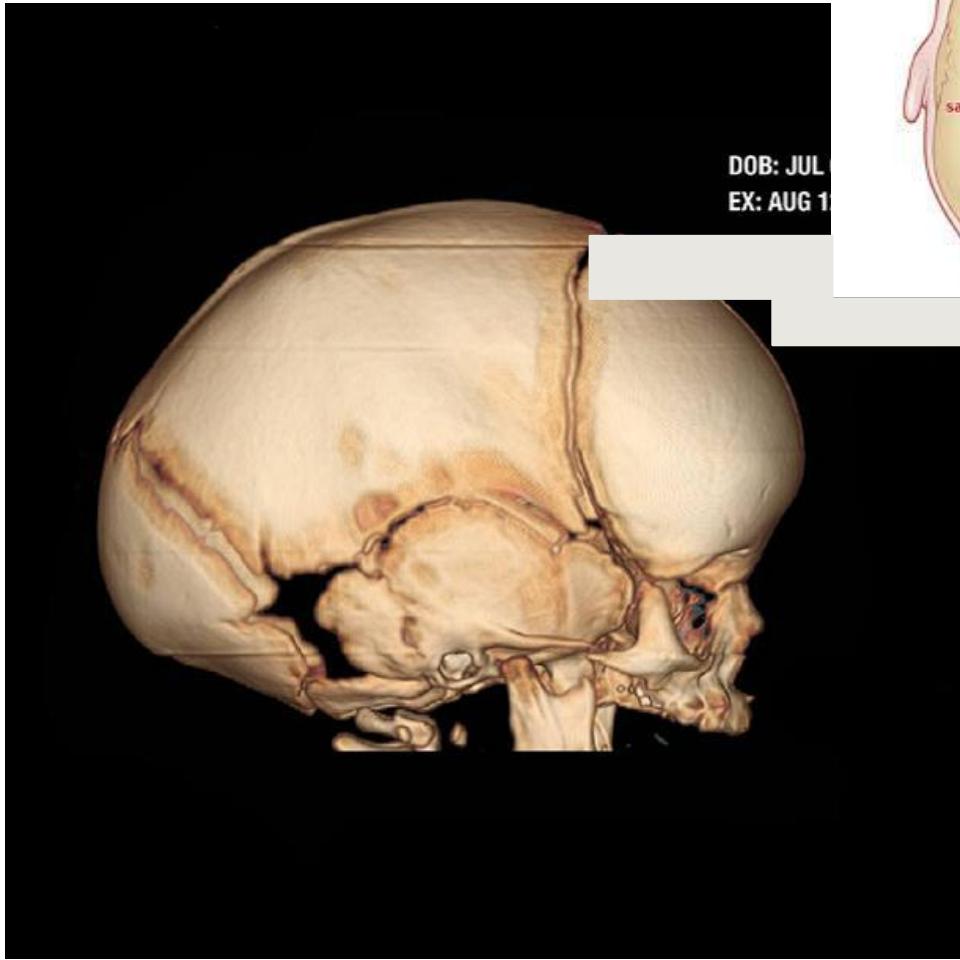
Far eftir töng



Mar á andliti eftir andlitsfæðingu

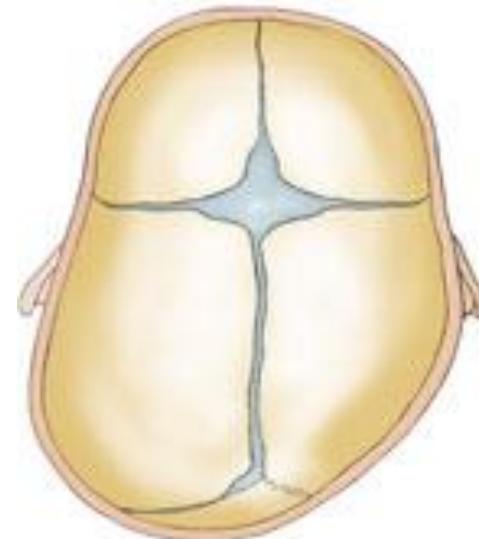
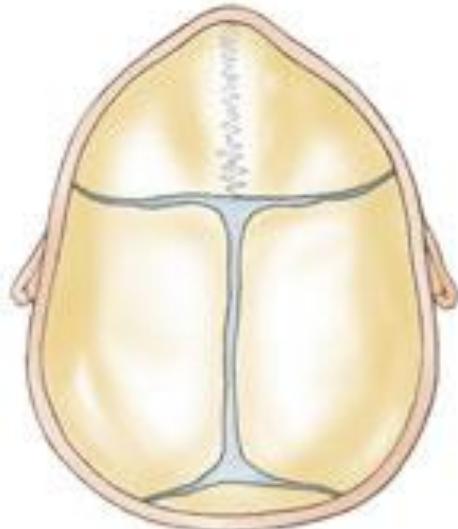
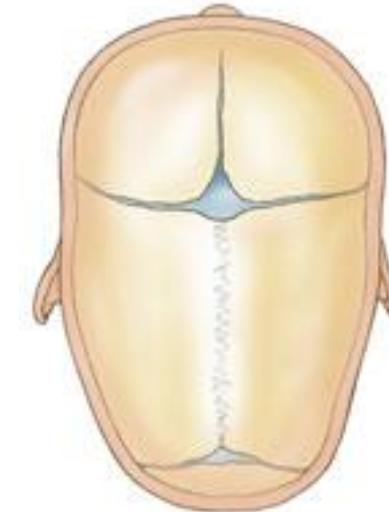
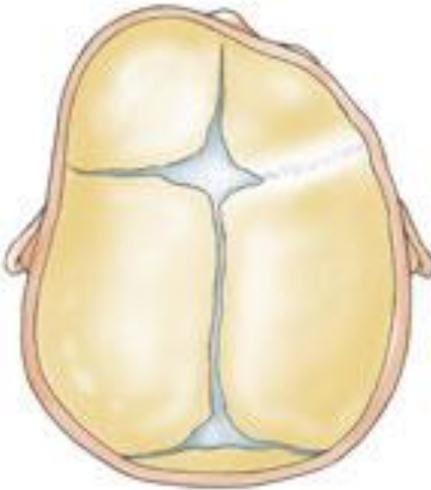
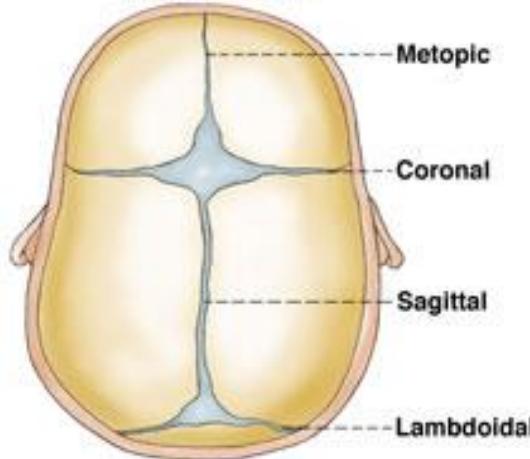


Sagittal craniosynostosis



Craniosynostosis

Sutures



Bilateral coronal craniosynostosis Brachicephalia



ANDLIT





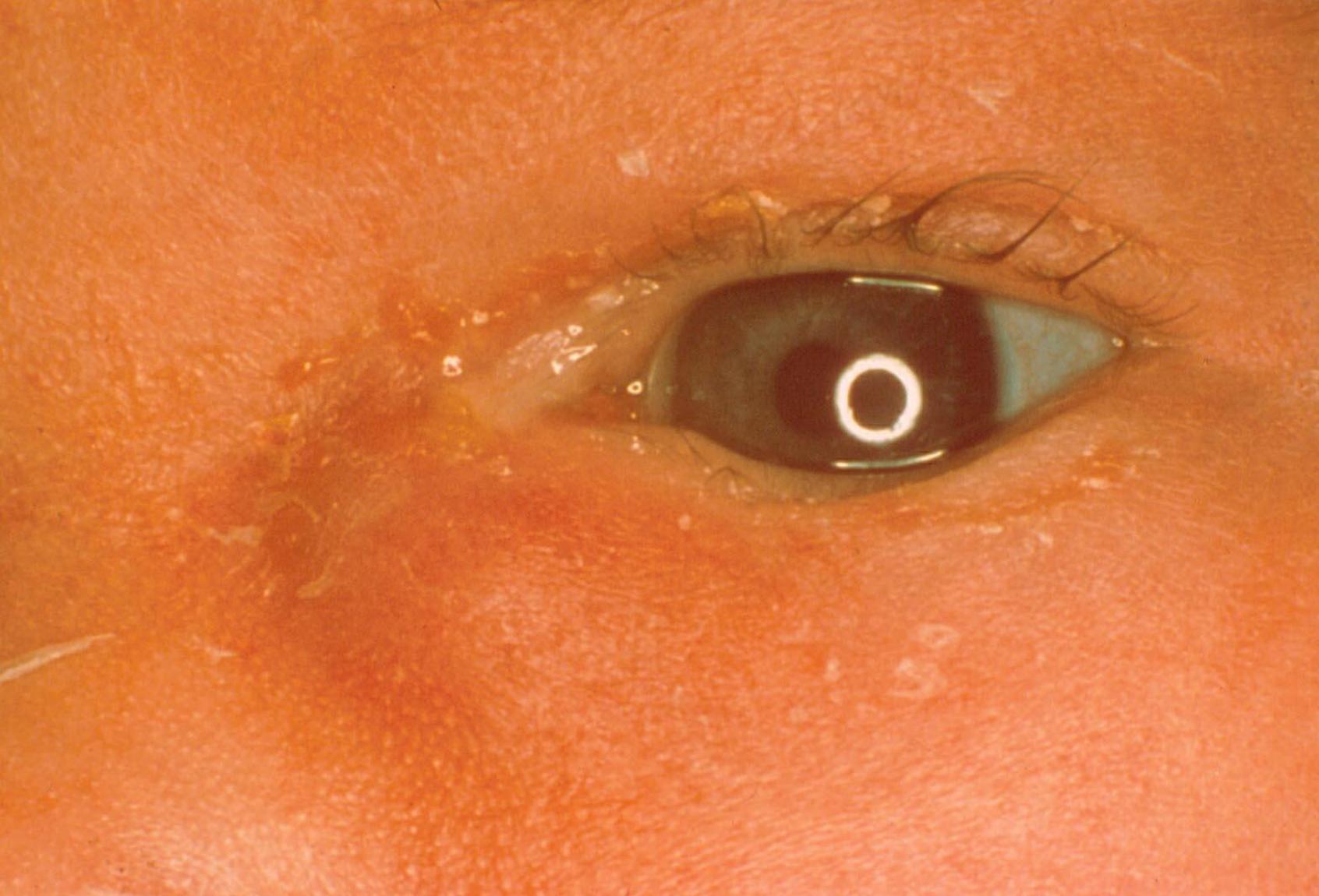
Ebstein's perlur



Conjunctivitis



Dacryocystitis

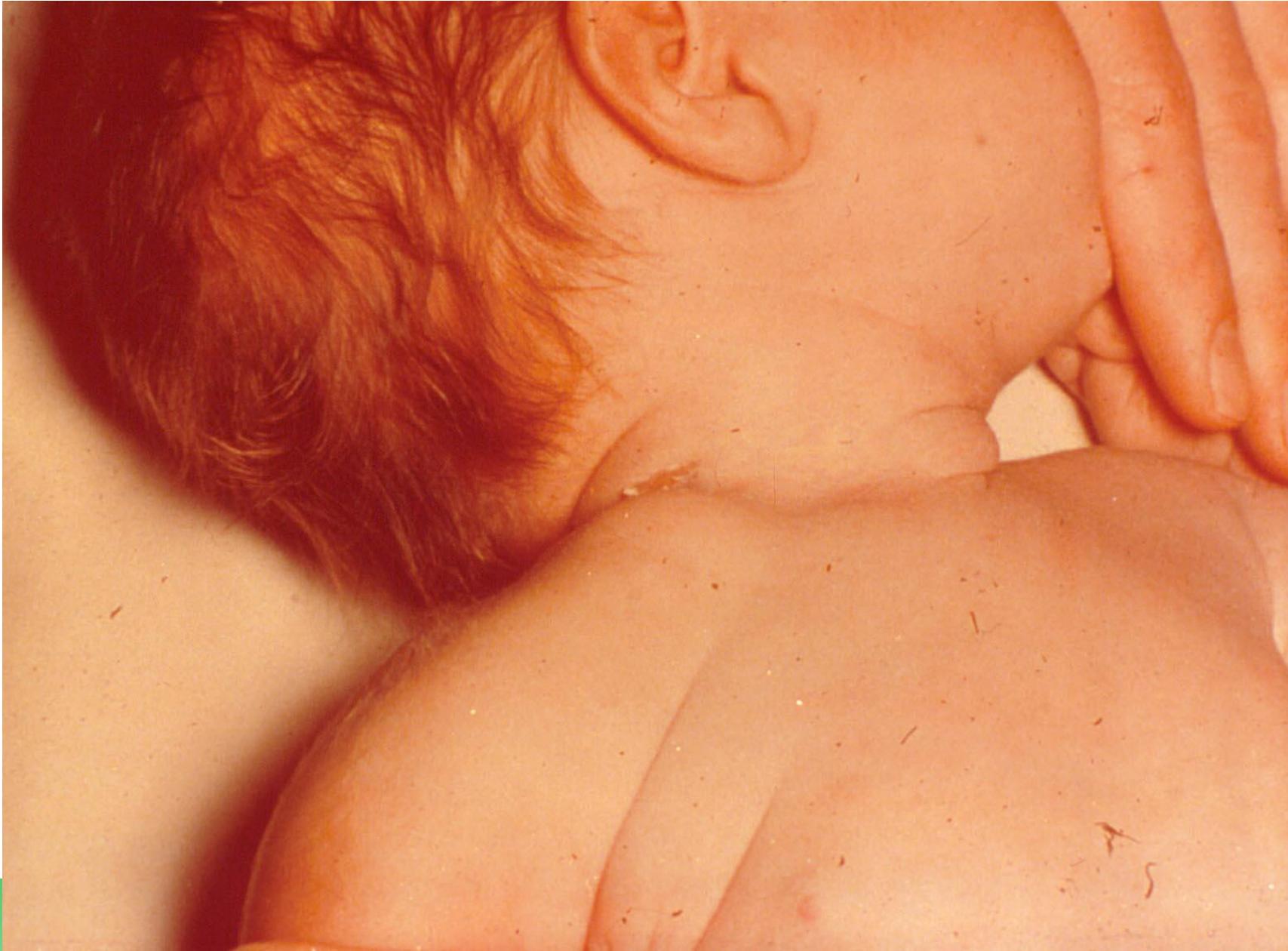


SKOÐUN NÝBURA

- Brjóstkassi / Lungu
 - Öndunartíðni
 - Inndrættir, nasavængjablakt
 - Lungnahlustun
- Hjarta- og æðakerfi
 - Hjartahlustun
 - Femoral púlsar



Viðbeinsbrot





SKOÐUN NÝBURA

- Kviður
 - Líffærastækkánir (lifur, milta, nýru)
 - Fyrirferðir
- Endaþarmur
- Ytri kynfæri
- Mjaðmir og útlimir
 - Ortholani og Barlow próf

Barlow's test



Ortolani's test



Omphalocele



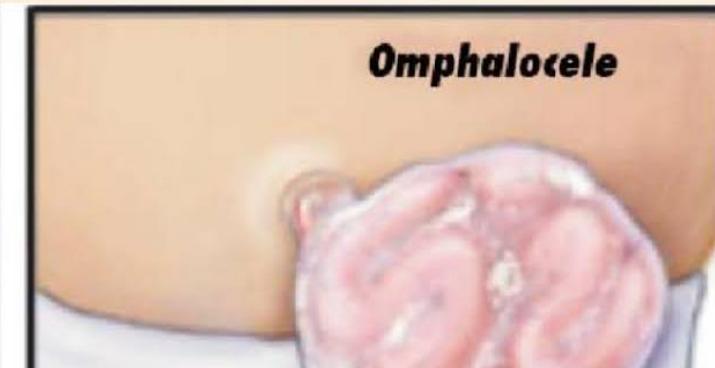
Omphalocele



Gastroschisis



Defect size (diameter)	2–3 cm	2–15 cm
Sac	Never	Always, may be ruptured
Gestational age	Prematurity	Term
Umbilical cord	Adjacent (left side) of defect	Attached to sac
Herniated viscera	Small bowel, stomach, colon	Small bowel, stomach, colon, liver
Malrotation	Yes	Yes
Bowel character	Inflammatory, edematous	Normal
Enteral nutrition	Delayed	Normal
Associated anomalies	Uncommon (10% atresia)	Common (50%)



Imperforate anus



Spina bifida





Erb´s paresis af völdum axlarklemmu





	Simple dimple	Sinister dimple
Location	Within natal cleft Within 2.5 cms of anal orifice	Above natal cleft
Appearance	Superficial Floor of the dimple can be seen No discolouration No tuft of hair No drainage No fibrous connection or stalk Fibrous stalk directed towards coccyx tip	Deep No floor seen (?) Discolouration of skin, strawberry angioma Tuft of hair Fluid drainage or debris Fibrous stalk directed cranially
Family history	None	Previous dimples, Spina bifida, Neural tube defects

FIMM DAGA SKOÐUN

- Þyngd
 - Þyngdartap?
- Gula?
- Sýkingar í húð?
- Nýtilkomin hjartaóhljóð?
- Femoral púlsar?

NÝBURASKIMUN

- Blóðprufa tekin 48-72 klst e fæðingu
- Skimað fyrir
 - Vanstarfsemi skjaldkirtils (TSH mælt)
 - Vanstarfsemi nýrnahettna
 - PKU (Phenylketonuria)
 - Öðrum sjaldgæfari efnaskiptasjúkdómum

F Y R I R B U R I

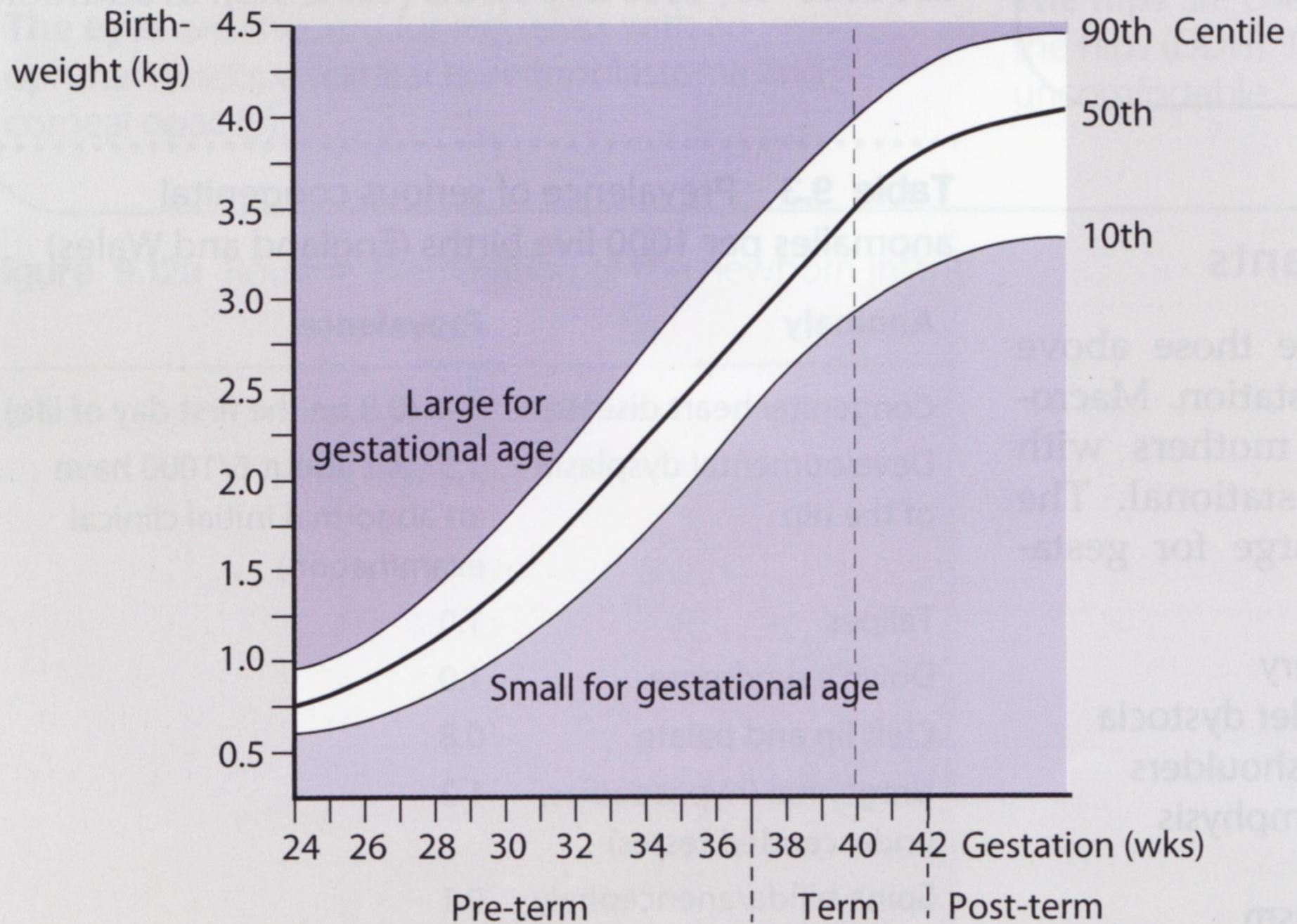
Barn sem fæðist fyrir 37 vikna meðgöngu

LÁG FÆÐINGARPYNGD

Barn sem er < 2500 g við fæðingu

LÉTTBURI

Barn sem er léttara
en meðgöngulengd segir til um
 $< 10\% / < 2$ staðalfrávik fyrir neðan meðalþyngd



Takk fyrir